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Rose Mandel & Friends
Including Imogen Cunningham & Minor White

January 18 – March 31, 2018

Deborah Bell Photographs is honored to exhibit prints by Imogen Cunningham, Minor White and Rose Mandel, three American photographers whose work illustrates, each in its own way, the tradition of west coast photography from the Bay Area of San Francisco. In addition to well-known plant studies and a female nude by Cunningham from the 1920s-30s, abstract landscapes and a male nude by Minor White from the 1940s-50s, the exhibition features portraits, close-up abstracted views of nature, and dynamic seascapes made by Rose Mandel between 1946 and 1972.

The photographs of Imogen Cunningham (1883-1976), a member of the Group f/64, which was formed in 1932 in order to champion "straight" photography, and those of Minor White (1908-1976), who later lived and worked on the east coast, are well-known and have been published and exhibited extensively; however, the career and photographs of Rose Mandel (1910-2002) are only beginning to receive the attention they merit. Although Rose Mandel is closely associated with the well-established modernist tradition in Northern California photography as represented by Edward Weston, Ansel Adams and Imogen Cunningham, her nature studies and abstract landscapes also belong to the broader American landscape tradition exemplified by Minor White (Mandel's teacher and close friend), Walter Chappell, Harry Callahan, Ralph Eugene Meatyard, and others who explored complex symbolic meanings in their images of the natural world.

Mandel's first solo exhibition at a New York gallery was held at Deborah Bell Photographs from November 2017 – January 2018, and comprised some 30 rare, and often unique, vintage prints from her archive. The exhibition's title, *A Sense of Abstraction*, referred to the primary visual and psychological currents of Mandel's work: symbolism, surrealism and abstract expressionism. Mandel's photographs were published and exhibited in her lifetime, and her work received renewed appreciation in the 1990s; however, she rarely sold her prints. In 2013, eleven years after her death, Mandel received her first retrospective exhibition. Held at the de Young Museum in San Francisco, and organized by Guest Curator Susan Ehrens, an independent photography historian, the accompanying catalogue represents the first monograph on Mandel's work. In his introductory essay, Julian Cox, Founding Director of the Department of Photography at the Fine Arts Museums of San Francisco, praises the "retrospective 'rediscovery'" of Mandel's oeuvre.

Born in Poland, Mandel studied art in Paris, and child psychology with Jean Piaget in Switzerland. She fled Europe in 1942, arriving in Staten Island, New York after a perilous journey in steerage on a steamer carrying hundreds of émigrés, including the celebrated French artist Marcel Duchamp. Her country

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destroyed, family members and friends killed in the Holocaust, she made the San Francisco Bay Area her new home. An introduction to Edward Weston inspired Mandel to study photography as an art form. She began formal studies in 1946 with Ansel Adams at the California School of Fine Arts (now the San Francisco Art Institute) in the very first class of the photography department Adams established. Mandel felt that Adams had "saved her life" by showing her "a new way to see the world, through the lens of a camera."

During this period Mandel also developed a collaborative relationship with another instructor, Minor White, who was only two years her senior. White shared Adams's reverence for the renowned photographer Alfred Stieglitz, stressing Stieglitz's theory of equivalents. As the photography historian David Travis has observed, "Adams proved to be the mentor Mandel had hoped for in Weston"; however, "Mandel's nascent ideas about photography matched White's about psychology as student and teacher encouraged each other." Mandel thus became an active participant in an exciting period in Bay Area art and photography that was largely centered around two significant educational institutions, the California School of Fine Arts (now the San Francisco Art Institute) and the University of California, Berkeley, where Mandel worked from 1947 to 1967 in the art department. Early portraits (1947-56) of artists including William Theophilus Brown, Phyllis Manley, and Paul Wonner, UC Berkeley art students who befriended Mandel, are included in this exhibition.

From 1946 to 1948, Mandel photographed reflections in store windows, and graffitied walls, of San Francisco. It is likely that Lisette Model, another immigrant using the camera, influenced Mandel; her own photomontage-like images of pedestrians and mannequins reflected in New York store windows were exhibited in 1946 at the California Palace of the Legion of Honor, San Francisco. In 1948, the San Francisco Museum of Art (now the San Francisco Museum of Modern Art) gave Mandel her first one-person exhibition, *On Walls and Behind Glass*, comprised of Mandel's sequence of twenty 4x5-inch contact prints, incorporating such reflections and graffiti. Many years later Mandel acknowledged the surrealist elements of spatial ambiguity and discord in her photographs that expressed the devastation she still felt after the war and the Holocaust.

Mandel's second solo museum exhibition, *The Errand of the Eye: Photographs by Rose Mandel*, was held in 1954 at the California Palace of the Legion of Honor, San Francisco. This unique sequence of 49 photographs dating from 1951 to 1954 consists of 4x5-inch contact prints of delicate flowers, weeds, branches, twigs, and thorns, in which an area of the picture is in sharp focus while the rest is selectively blurred. Minor White wrote about the works on view: "Rose Mandel has selected the contrast of sharp and soft focus as her main medium of investigation and has devoted more years to it than probably any other photographer. This specialization has given her a fluidity of expression hardly thought possible in such a limited field."

Following the 1954 exhibition *The Errand of the Eye*, landscapes made in and around the shoreline of the Berkeley Marina and San Francisco Bay became Mandel's primary focus. Meditative images that merge

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16 EAST 71ST STREET, SUITE 1D

NEW YORK, NEW YORK 10021

212-249-9400

INFO@DEBORAHBELLPHOTOGRAPHS.COM

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water, shoreline, and expanses of sky in subtle gradations of tone from dark to light are mood-evoking, abstract arrangements of organic shapes, some capturing dramatic nocturnal skies through combinations of dense, advancing, and often surreal, clouds with moonlight. In 1960, The Museum of Modern Art, New York included six of Mandel's landscapes in *The Sense of Abstraction*, a seminal international exhibition of contemporary trends in abstract photography.

From the mid-1960s through about 1972, Mandel moved away from the intimate contact-print format, realizing most of her 4x5-inch negatives as 8x10-inch enlargements, including works she referred to as "writing-on-water" and other minimalist images, all of which Mandel considered deeply personal metaphors for inner feelings. Mandel's last photographs were made between 1970 and 1972.

Gallery hours for the exhibition are Tuesday-Saturday 11-6. For further information or high-resolution scans please contact Leigh Blanchard at 212-249-9400 or by email at info@deborahbellphotographs.com.

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